

Outstanding control of buttercups

Apply when there is good leaf visibility whether pre-flowering or flowering.

When in flower, spray early in the morning or late evening, when less pollinators are present.

Meadow buttercup (*Ranunculus acris*):
a perennial.

- A non-creeping upright plant that spreads by seed only.

Creeping buttercup (*Ranunculus repens*):
a perennial.

- Has an aggressive growth habit, low-growing, forming dense mat.
- Spreads via above-ground runners (stolons) and seed.



Creeping buttercup



Meadow buttercup

Key points:

- For use in established grassland, apply from 1st March to 31st July
- If treating in March or July, an application can only be made every two years
- For best results apply to healthy, actively growing weeds at the optimum growth stage
- Rainfast in 4 hours
- Apply at 200 l/ha using 3 Star Drift Reduction Technology
- Aquatic buffer zone – 6 m from the top of the bank of a flowing water body. 1 m from top of a dry ditch
- Thistlex Pro is not safe to clover and other legumes
- Always read the label before use

For use with
a boom
sprayer

Thistlex Pro

A new post-emergence herbicide effective against a range of perennial and annual weeds, including thistles, dandelion and buttercup.



Forage knowledge on the go.

Free and easy to use, the Corteva Forage App is packed with information and tools to help you maximise your grass. Simply scan the QR code.



For grassland advice call the Hotline on:
0800 689 8899 or visit: www.corteva.com/uk/forage
or email: ukhotline@corteva.com



Use herbicides safely. Always read the label and product information before use.
For warning phrases and symbols refer to label. Thistlex® Pro contains clopyralid and haloxifen-methyl (Arylex®). *, ® Trademarks of Corteva Agriscience and its affiliated companies. January 2026. Supersedes all previous versions of this leaflet.

Unrivalled thistle control on established grassland.



Thistlex® PRO
HERBICIDE



Thistlex[®] PRO

HERBICIDE

Use Thistlex[®] Pro to deliver long-lasting control of thistles, buttercups and dandelions.

- Available in a 5 litre pack
- Application rate: 1.67 l/ha, treats 3 ha (7.4 acres)
- For optimum control, spray actively growing weeds at the correct growth stage
- If weeds have grown beyond the correct growth stage, top them and spray regrowth
- Thistlex Pro is translocated to the roots meaning long-term control
- For use ONLY on fields grazed by cattle and sheep
- 14 day post-treatment stock exclusion interval (in the absence of ragwort)
- Grass or clover can be stitched in 1 month after an application of Thistlex Pro

Best Practice Guidance

Stewardship

Grass treated with Thistlex Pro must not be cut for fresh grass, silage, hay or haylage within 12 months of treatment.

Manure from animals fed fresh cut grass, silage, hay or haylage produced from grassland treated with Thistlex Pro in the previous 12 months must not leave the farm.

Scan the QR code and read the best practice guidance to understand how to get optimal control from Thistlex Pro



Weeds controlled by Thistlex Pro 1.67 l/ha

Where we have knowledge of how our products might affect weeds we have detailed it in the following tables. These should not be considered as a recommendation for use on the part of Corteva Agriscience. The user assumes full responsibility for use on these weeds.

Buttercup (creeping)	<200 mm and BF
Buttercup (meadow)	<200 mm and BF
Cinquefoil (creeping)	<150 mm and BF
Clover, trefoil	<150 mm and BF
Cow parsley	<200 mm and BF
Dandelion	<200 mm and BF
Hemlock	<200 mm and BF
Hogweed (common)	<200 mm and BF
Lesser celandine	<100 mm and BF
Medick (black)	<100 mm and BF
Nettle (common)	
Ragwort	
Rushes	
Self-heal	<150 mm and BF
Thistle (creeping)	<300 mm and BF
Thistle (spear)	<300 mm and BF
Vetch, tare	<100 mm and BF
Yarrow	<100 mm and BF

For information on weed size see the relevant product on our new forage webpage at www.corteva.com/uk/forage

Weed control key

 Susceptible	 Resistant	BF	Before flowering	Label weeds in bold
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Outstanding control of creeping and spear thistles

Spray when there is active growth and before it produces a flowering bud.

Spear thistle (*Cirsium vulgare*): a biennial

- Year 1: Forms a large, spiky rosette close to the ground.
- Year 2: Sends up one tall flowering stem, then dies after seeding.
- Spear thistle has a single deep taproot (no spreading underground), spreads by seed only.
- Each plant can produce thousands of wind-blown seeds so control needs to be before it flowers.

Creeping thistle (*Cirsium arvense*): a perennial

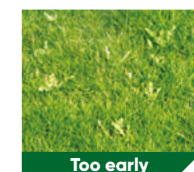
- New shoots appear every spring from underground roots.
- Forms dense patches year after year.
- Spreads mostly by a creeping root system that can run to many meters underground. Can also spread by seed.
- Cutting or topping alone can actually make it spread more.



Creeping thistle



Spear thistle



Too early



Just right



Too late