

Corteva Reports Second Quarter and First Half 2020 Results and Provides Update on 2020 Guidance

Company Delivers First Half Sales and Earnings Increases over Prior Year

WILMINGTON, Del., August 5, 2020 – Corteva, Inc. (NYSE: CTVA) (“Corteva” or the “Company”) today reported financial results for the second quarter and first half ended June 30, 2020.

2Q 2020 Results Overview

| | Net Sales | EPS | Income from Cont. Ops. (After Tax) |
|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| GAAP | \$5.2 B | \$1.01 | \$766 M |
| vs. 2Q 2019 | (7)% | +60% | +59% |
| | Organic Sales ¹ | Operating EPS ¹ | Operating EBITDA ¹ |
| NON-GAAP | \$5.4 B | \$1.26 | \$1.2 B |
| vs. 2Q 2019 | (3)% | (11)% | (15)% |

1H 2020 Results Overview

| | Net Sales | EPS | Income from Cont. Ops. (After Tax) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| GAAP | \$9.1 B | \$1.37 | \$1.0 B |
| vs. 1H 2019 ² | +2% | +78% | +76% |
| | Organic Sales ¹ | Operating EPS ¹ | Operating EBITDA ¹ |
| NON-GAAP | \$9.4 B | \$1.85 | \$2.0 B |
| vs. 1H 2019 ² | +5% | +6% | +3% |

First Half 2020 Highlights

- Reported net sales for first half 2020 were \$9.1 billion, up 2% versus prior year, driven by volume and price improvement. Organic sales¹ grew 5%, with growth in each region.
- Seed sales rose 6% on a reported basis and 8% on an organic¹ basis, with volume and price growth in every region – particularly in corn and soybean in North America.
- Crop Protection sales declined 4% on a reported basis – and were up 1% on an organic¹ basis, as sales gains in EMEA³ and Asia Pacific were muted by declines in Latin America and North America³.
- GAAP income and earnings per share (EPS) from continuing operations were \$1.0 billion and \$1.37 per share, respectively.
- Operating EBITDA¹ was \$2.0 billion, up 3% versus prior year as price and volume gains in Seed, coupled with execution on synergies and productivity, more than offset currency headwinds and unfavorable geographic mix in Crop Protection.
- Merger cost synergies and productivity were approximately \$130 million for the first half 2020 and remain on track to be \$230 million for the full year.

1. Organic sales, Operating EPS, Pro Forma Operating EPS, Operating EBITDA and Pro Forma Operating EBITDA are non-GAAP measures. See page 7 for further discussion. 2. First half 2019 GAAP information is on a pro forma basis and was determined in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X. Non-GAAP measures for these periods are reconciled to the GAAP pro forma measure. 3. North America is defined as U.S. and Canada. EMEA is defined as Europe, Middle East and Africa. 4. Enlist E3™ soybeans are jointly developed by Dow AgroSciences and MS Technologies™ 5. Represents coverage of total North America market, including branded, competitors and licensees.

“Our results in the first half of 2020 highlight the strength of our global execution engine and our operational resilience in the face of historic market volatility. In the first half, we experienced sharp swings in commodity prices and foreign currency rates due to COVID-19, renewed trade and regulatory uncertainty, and new regulatory challenges. Amidst these external pressures, we delivered sales and earnings growth. We demonstrated strong price execution in Seed, supply chain flexibility, and solid market demand for our balanced and differentiated new product portfolios in both segments. Our results were strengthened by diligent efforts to further drive down costs, mitigate currency headwinds, and preserve cash. Further, our balance sheet and liquidity position remain strong, supported by targeted actions taken in the quarter. I am especially proud of our teams around the world, executing with focus and integrity in a rapidly evolving landscape, to ensure continued support for our customers and communities.”

“Looking ahead, we will increase value for stakeholders through continued progress on our strategic objectives – positioning ourselves well to continue growing our presence in key channels and markets. Our priorities in the second half of 2020 include accelerating productivity actions and supporting the launch of key innovations, such as our Enlist weed control system, that will enable our customers to drive their profitability.”

– James C. Collins, Jr., Corteva Chief Executive Officer

Company Updates

Taking Focused Steps to Drive Productivity and Cost Competitiveness

The Company continues to deliver progress on its previously communicated productivity program, as well as synergies and the recently announced spending actions intended to deliver additional earnings improvements in 2020. These actions reflect targeted steps by Corteva to navigate near-term market volatility, while further strengthening its cash flow and financial resiliency.

Reinforcing Operational Discipline and Effectiveness

In the second quarter, against the backdrop of COVID-19, the Company navigated a historic 500-year flood in Midland, Michigan near one of its Crop Protection manufacturing facilities. Since this time, the local operations teams have worked safely and diligently to restore all operations. Leveraging the strength of its flexible and resilient supply chain, the Company was able to minimize business impact.

Strengthening Solid Liquidity Position

During the quarter, Corteva took a strategic step to further diversify its financing tools – strengthening its solid liquidity position. The Company launched a long-term debt offering in the form of bonds into the public markets, with \$1 billion in notes that have been assigned ratings in line with the Company’s long-term, issuer credit ratings of A-/A3/A (S&P/Moody’s/Fitch).

Implementing Ongoing Portfolio Actions to Drive Competitive Advantages

Corteva continues to take actions to optimize its portfolio to enable the Company to capitalize on growth opportunities and drive margin expansion. During the second quarter, Corteva acquired the stake of its previously consolidated JV partner in PhytoGen Seed Company, giving Corteva 100% ownership and reflecting its growing presence in the cottonseed market.

Collaborating to Drive Technology Differentiation in Crop Protection

The Company announced a multi-year global agreement for the research, development and global commercialization of pheromone-based insect control solutions – and solutions to extend the life of plant-based insect control traits. This action reflects Corteva’s continued commitment to growing its biologicals portfolio, while increasing technology differentiation and accelerating its competitive advantages across its Seed and Crop Protection business platforms.

Delivering Value for Customers in a Competitive Soybean Market

Despite a very competitive soybean market, Corteva continues to deliver solid progress on the accelerated ramp-up of Enlist E3^{TM4} soybeans in North America. For 2020, the Company expects Enlist E3 to achieve penetration on up to 20% of U.S. soybean acres⁵ – in line with prior estimates. Corteva also expects E3 to represent 17% of its own soybean lineup for the year – an increase over earlier estimates. In addition to its Enlist E3 technology, Corteva continues to provide superior product solutions, while capturing price for value.

Executing Strategy to Enhance Market Presence in the Retail Channel

Corteva launched its global Brevant seed brand in the U.S. to be sold exclusively through retail, beginning in 2021. This action is expected to expand retail access to Corteva seed genetics, technology, and traits beyond its existing, comprehensive routes to market – providing greater choice and value for customers.

Summary of First Half 2020

For the first half ended June 30, 2020, reported net sales increased 2% versus the same period last year, with an organic sales¹ increase of 5%.

Volumes increased 4% versus the prior-year period. Gains were driven by the recovery of planted area in North America, record corn sales in EMEA and growth in Asia Pacific.

Local price increased 1% versus the prior-year period. Higher prices in Latin America partially offset the impact of currency, which represented a headwind of 3%. New products drove price gains in EMEA and Asia Pacific.

GAAP income from continuing operations after income taxes was \$1.0 billion in the first half of 2020. Operating EBITDA¹ for the first half of 2020 was \$2.0 billion, an increase of 3% as compared to the same period last year on a pro forma basis. Price and volume gains in Seed and ongoing cost synergies and productivity efforts more than offset currency and unfavorable geographic mix in Crop Protection.

| (\$ in millions, except where noted) | 1H 2020 | 1H 2019 | % Change | % Organic Change ¹ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Net Sales | \$9,147 | \$8,952 | 2% | 5% |
| North America | \$5,331 | \$5,177 | 3% | 3% |
| EMEA | \$2,110 | \$2,031 | 4% | 8% |
| Latin America | \$949 | \$1,018 | (7)% | 7% |
| Asia Pacific | \$757 | \$726 | 4% | 10% |

Summary of Second Quarter 2020

For the second quarter ended June 30, 2020, reported net sales decreased 7% versus the same quarter last year, with an organic sales¹ decrease of 3%.

Volumes decreased 4% versus the prior-year period.

These declines were driven by earlier deliveries in North America, which shifted corn volumes into the first quarter 2020, coupled with a normalized start to the season in Latin America in Crop Protection.

Local price increased 1% versus the prior-year period, with higher prices in Latin America in response to currency. Currency and portfolio represented headwinds of 3% and 1%, respectively.

GAAP income from continuing operations after income taxes was \$766 million in the second quarter 2020, an increase of 59%. Operating EBITDA¹ for the second quarter 2020 was \$1.2 billion, a decrease of 15% as compared to the same period last year. The seasonal volume declines, higher SG&A costs, and the unfavorable impact of currency more than offset the positive impact of price increases and ongoing cost synergies and productivity efforts. A \$17 million unrealized gain on financial hedge instruments reduced currency impacts in the quarter.

| (\$ in millions, except where noted) | 2Q 2020 | 2Q 2019 | % Change | % Organic Change ¹ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Net Sales | \$5,191 | \$5,556 | (7)% | (3)% |
| North America | \$3,566 | \$3,785 | (6)% | (5)% |
| EMEA | \$643 | \$667 | (4)% | 3% |
| Latin America | \$515 | \$653 | (21)% | (7)% |
| Asia Pacific | \$467 | \$451 | 4% | 10% |

Crop Protection Summary

Crop Protection net sales were approximately \$3.2 billion for the first half of 2020 compared to approximately \$3.3 billion in the first half of 2019. The decrease was due to a 4% decline in currency and a 1% impact from portfolio, partially offset by a 1% increase in local price.

Unfavorable currency impacts were primarily due to the Brazilian Real and the Euro. The increase in local price was primarily driven by increases in Latin America in response to currency. Volume gains led by new product

launches, including Rinskor™ and Arylex™ herbicides, were offset by a normalized start to the season in Latin America, resulting in flat volumes.

Crop Protection operating EBITDA was \$547 million for the first half of 2020, down from pro forma operating EBITDA of \$670 million for the first half of 2019. The unfavorable impact of currency and geographic mix in Latin America, together with increased investment in R&D, more than offset cost synergies and ongoing productivity actions.

| (\$ in millions, except where noted) | 1H 2020 | 1H 2019 | % Change | % Organic Change ¹ |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| North America | \$1,138 | \$1,165 | (2)% | (1)% |
| EMEA | \$965 | \$953 | 1% | 6% |
| Latin America | \$527 | \$653 | (19)% | (6)% |
| Asia Pacific | \$524 | \$515 | 2% | 8% |
| Total 1H Crop Protection Net Sales | \$3,154 | \$3,286 | (4)% | 1% |

Crop Protection net sales were approximately \$1.7 billion in the second quarter of 2020 compared to approximately \$1.9 billion in the second quarter of 2019. The decrease was due to a 7% decline in volume, a 5% decline in currency, and a 1% impact from portfolio actions, partially offset by a 2% increase in local price.

The decrease in volume was primarily driven by the effect of an earlier start to the Latin America season in the year-ago period, which shifted Crop Protection sales from third quarter 2019 to second quarter 2019, as well as rework on Vessarya® fungicide due to formulation challenges. These impacts were coupled with increased

competitive pressures in North America – particularly in herbicides. Unfavorable currency impacts were led by the Brazilian Real. The portfolio impact was driven by divestitures in North America, Asia Pacific and EMEA. The increase in local price was driven by increases in Latin America in response to currency.

Crop Protection operating EBITDA was \$309 million in the second quarter of 2020, down from \$450 million in the second quarter of 2019. Gains from cost synergies and ongoing productivity actions were more than offset by volume declines in Latin America and North America, the unfavorable impact of currency and increased investment in R&D.

| (\$ in millions, except where noted) | 2Q 2020 | 2Q 2019 | % Change | % Organic Change ¹ |
|---|----------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| North America | \$663 | \$686 | (3)% | (2)% |
| EMEA | \$379 | \$393 | (4)% | 1% |
| Latin America | \$309 | \$466 | (34)% | (20)% |
| Asia Pacific | \$302 | \$312 | (3)% | 3% |
| Total 2Q Crop Protection Net Sales | \$1,653 | \$1,857 | (11)% | (5)% |

Seed Summary

Seed net sales were approximately \$6.0 billion for the first half of 2020, up from approximately \$5.7 billion in the prior year. The increase was due to a 6% increase in volume and a 2% increase in local price, partially offset by a 2% decline in currency.

The increase in volume was driven by the recovery of planted area in North America, higher Safrinha sales and earlier summer corn deliveries in Latin America, and market share gains in corn in EMEA. Local price gain was driven by favorable mix globally, changes in route to market in EMEA, price increases in Latin America, and holding price in North America.

Global corn price increased 2%, and North America soybean price increased 1% for the half. Unfavorable currency impacts were primarily driven by the Brazilian Real and the Euro.

Seed operating EBITDA was approximately \$1.5 billion for the first half of 2020, up 13% from pro forma segment operating EBITDA of approximately \$1.4 billion in the prior year. Volume gains, favorable mix, and ongoing cost synergies and productivity efforts were partially offset by higher commissions, the unfavorable impact of currency, higher royalties and higher input costs due to lower production yields.

| (\$ in millions, except where noted) | 1H 2020 | 1H 2019 | % Change | % Organic Change ¹ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| North America | \$4,193 | \$4,012 | 5% | 5% |
| EMEA | \$1,145 | \$1,078 | 6% | 11% |
| Latin America | \$422 | \$365 | 16% | 29% |
| Asia Pacific | \$233 | \$211 | 10% | 17% |
| Total 1H Seed Net Sales | \$5,993 | \$5,666 | 6% | 8% |

Seed net sales were approximately \$3.5 billion in the second quarter of 2020, down from approximately \$3.7 billion in the second quarter of 2019. The decrease was due to a 3% decline in volume and a 2% decline in currency, partially offset by a 1% increase in local price.

Lower volumes were driven by earlier deliveries in North America due to improved weather conditions and the recovery of planted area, which shifted corn volumes into the first quarter of 2020. The impact of this shift was partially offset by earlier summer corn deliveries in Latin America and market share gains in corn in Asia Pacific.

Unfavorable currency impacts were primarily driven by the Brazilian Real. The increase in local price was led by increases across EMEA and Asia Pacific, with price gains in U.S. soybean amidst competitive pressures.

Seed operating EBITDA was \$956 million in the second quarter of 2020, down 8% from the second quarter of 2019. Seasonal volume declines, higher royalties, and higher selling costs more than offset favorable mix and ongoing cost synergies and productivity efforts, including reductions in R&D during the period.

| (\$ in millions, except where noted) | 2Q 2020 | 2Q 2019 | % Change | % Organic Change ¹ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| North America | \$2,903 | \$3,099 | (6)% | (6)% |
| EMEA | \$264 | \$274 | (4)% | 5% |
| Latin America | \$206 | \$187 | 10% | 27% |
| Asia Pacific | \$165 | \$139 | 19% | 27% |
| Total 2Q Seed Net Sales | \$3,538 | \$3,699 | (4)% | (2)% |

Outlook

The Company continues to monitor near-term operating conditions to ensure business continuity in light of continued market volatility. At the time of this reporting, management expects operating EBITDA¹ to be in the range of \$1.9 billion to \$2 billion for the full year 2020, with anticipated net sales growth of 1-2% for the same period. The Company's operating EPS¹ range is expected to be between \$1.25 and \$1.45 per share.

Corteva is not able to reconcile its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to its most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures, as it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty items outside of its control, such as significant items, without unreasonable effort. This outlook does not contemplate any operational disruptions, significant changes in customers' demand or ability to pay, or further acceleration of currency impacts resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Second Quarter Conference Call

The Company will host a [live webcast](#) of its second quarter earnings conference call with investors to discuss its results and outlook tomorrow, August 6, 2020, at 9:00 a.m. ET. The slide presentation that accompanies the

conference call is posted on the Company's Investor Events and Presentations page. A replay of the webcast will also be available on the [Investor Events and Presentations page](#).

About Corteva Agriscience

Corteva, Inc. (NYSE: CTVA) is a publicly traded, global pure-play agriculture company that provides farmers around the world with the most complete portfolio in the industry – including a balanced and diverse mix of seed, crop protection and digital solutions focused on maximizing productivity to enhance yield and profitability. With some of the most recognized brands in agriculture and an industry-leading product and technology pipeline well positioned to drive growth, the Company is committed to working with stakeholders throughout the food system as it fulfills its promise to enrich the lives of those who produce and those who consume, ensuring progress for generations to come. Corteva became an independent public company on June 1, 2019, and was previously the Agriculture Division of DowDuPont. More information can be found at www.corteva.com.

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Cautionary Statement About Forward-Looking Statements

This communication contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and may be identified by their use of words like "guidance", "plans," "expects," "will," "anticipates," "believes," "intends," "projects," "estimates," "outlook," or other words of similar meaning. All statements that address expectations or projections about the future, including statements about Corteva's strategy for growth, product development, regulatory approval, market position, anticipated benefits of recent acquisitions, timing of anticipated benefits from restructuring actions, outcome of contingencies, such as litigation and environmental matters, expenditures, and financial results, as well as expected benefits from, the separation of Corteva from DowDuPont, are forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events which may not be accurate or realized. Forward-looking statements also involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond Corteva's control. While the list of factors presented below is considered representative, no such list should be considered to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties. Unlisted factors may present significant additional obstacles to the realization of forward-looking statements. Consequences of material differences in results as compared with those anticipated in the forward-looking statements could include, among other things, business disruption, operational problems, financial loss, legal liability to third parties and similar risks, any of which could have a material adverse effect on Corteva's business, results of operations and financial condition. Some of the important factors that could cause Corteva's actual results to differ materially from those projected in any such forward-looking statements include: (i) failure to successfully develop and commercialize Corteva's pipeline; (ii) effect of competition and consolidation in Corteva's industry; (iii) failure to obtain or maintain the necessary regulatory approvals for some Corteva's products; (iv) failure to enforce Corteva's intellectual property rights or defend against intellectual property claims asserted by others; (v) effect of competition from manufacturers of generic products; (vi) impact of Corteva's dependence on third parties with respect to certain of its raw materials or licenses and commercialization; (vii) costs of complying with evolving regulatory requirements and the effect of actual or alleged violations of environmental laws or permit requirements; (viii) effect of the degree of public understanding and acceptance or perceived public acceptance of Corteva's biotechnology and other agricultural products; (ix) effect of changes in agricultural and related policies of governments and international organizations; (x) effect of industrial espionage and other disruptions to Corteva's supply chain, information technology or network systems; (xi) competitor's establishment of an intermediary platform for distribution of Corteva's products; (xii) effect of volatility in Corteva's input costs; (xiii) failure to raise capital through the capital markets or short-term borrowings on terms acceptable to Corteva; (xiv) failure of Corteva's customers to pay their debts to Corteva, including customer financing programs; (xv) failure to realize the anticipated benefits of the internal reorganizations taken by DowDuPont in connection with the spin-off of Corteva, including failure to benefit from significant cost synergies; (xvi) risks related to the indemnification obligations of legacy EID liabilities in connection with the separation of Corteva; (xvii) increases in pension and other post-employment benefit plan funding obligations; (xviii) effect of compliance with environmental laws and requirements and adverse judgments on litigation; (xix) risks related to Corteva's global operations; (xx) effect of climate change and unpredictable seasonal and weather factors; (xxi) effect of counterfeit products; (xxii) failure to effectively manage acquisitions, divestitures, alliances and other portfolio actions; (xxiii) risks related to non-cash charges from impairment of goodwill or intangibles assets; (xxiv) risks related to COVID-19; (xxv) risks related to oil and commodity markets; and (xxvi) other risks related to the Separation from DowDuPont. Additionally, there may be other risks and uncertainties that Corteva is unable to currently identify or that Corteva does not currently expect to have a material impact on its business. Where, in any forward-looking statement, an expectation or belief as to future results or events is expressed, such expectation or belief is based on the current plans and expectations of Corteva's management and expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be achieved or accomplished. Corteva disclaims and does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by applicable law. A detailed discussion of some of the significant risks and uncertainties which may cause results and events to differ materially from such forward-looking statements or other estimates is included in the "Risk Factors" section of Corteva's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as modified by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.

Corteva Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information

In order to provide the most meaningful comparison of results of operations, supplemental unaudited pro forma financial information for the first half of 2019 has been included in this presentation. This presentation presents the pro forma results of Corteva, after giving effect to events that are (1) directly attributable to the merger of DuPont and Dow, debt retirement transactions related to paying off or retiring portions of Historical DuPont's existing debt liabilities, and the separation and distribution to DowDuPont stockholders of all the outstanding shares of Corteva common stock; (2) factually supportable and (3) with respect to the pro forma statements of income, expected to have a continuing impact on the consolidated results. Refer to Corteva's Form 10 registration statement filed on May 6, 2019, which can be found on the investors section of the Corteva website, for further details on the above transactions. The pro forma financial statements were prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X, and are presented for informational purposes only, and do not purport to represent what the results of operations would have been had the above actually occurred on the dates indicated, nor do they purport to project the results of operations for any future period or as of any future date.

Regulation G (Non-GAAP Financial Measures)

This earnings release includes information that does not conform to U.S. GAAP and are considered non-GAAP measures. These measures may include organic sales, organic growth (including by segment and region), operating EBITDA, pro forma operating EBITDA, operating EBITDA margin, pro forma operating EBITDA margin, operating earnings per share, pro forma operating earnings per share, base tax rate, and pro forma base tax rate. Management uses these measures internally for planning and forecasting, including allocating resources and evaluating incentive compensation. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures best reflect the ongoing performance of the Company during the periods presented and provide more relevant and meaningful information to investors as they provide insight with respect to ongoing operating results of the Company and a more useful comparison of year over year results. These non-GAAP measures supplement the Company's U.S. GAAP disclosures and should not be viewed as an alternative to U.S. GAAP measures of performance. Furthermore, such non-GAAP measures may not be consistent with similar measures provided or used by other companies. Reconciliations for these non-GAAP measures to U.S. GAAP are provided in the Selected Financial Information and Non-GAAP Measures starting on page A-6 of the Financial Statement Schedules. For first quarter and prior year, these non-GAAP measures are being reconciled to a pro forma GAAP financial measure prepared and presented in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X. See Article 11 Pro Forma Combined Statements of Operations starting on page A-13 of the Financial Statement Schedules.

Corteva is not able to reconcile its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to their most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures, as it is unable to predict with reasonable certainty items outside of the company's control, such as Significant Items, without unreasonable effort. For Significant items reported in the periods presented, refer to page A-6 of the Financial Statement Schedules. Beginning January 1, 2020, the company presents accelerated prepaid royalty amortization expense as a significant item. Accelerated prepaid royalty amortization represents the noncash charge associated with the recognition of upfront payments made to Monsanto in connection with the Company's non-exclusive license in the United States and Canada for Monsanto's Genuity® Roundup Ready 2 Yield® Roundup Ready 2 Xtend® herbicide tolerance traits. During the five-year ramp-up period of Enlist E3™, Corteva is expected to significantly reduce the volume of products with the Roundup Ready 2 Yield® and Roundup Ready 2 Xtend® herbicide tolerance traits beginning in 2021, with expected minimal use of the trait platform after the completion of the ramp-up.

Organic sales is defined as price and volume and excludes currency and portfolio impacts. Operating EBITDA is defined as earnings (i.e., income from continuing operations before income taxes) before interest, depreciation, amortization, non-operating benefits, net and foreign exchange gains (losses), excluding the impact of significant items (including goodwill impairment charges). Non-operating benefits, net consists of non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) credits, tax indemnification adjustments, environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy businesses and sites of Historical DuPont. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the company as pre-tax income or expense. Operating EBITDA margin is defined as Operating EBITDA as a percentage of net sales. Operating earnings per share are defined as "Earnings per common share from continuing operations - diluted" excluding the after-tax impact of significant items (including goodwill impairment charges), the after-tax impact of non-operating benefits, net, and the after-tax impact of amortization expense associated with intangible assets existing as of the Separation from DowDuPont. Although amortization of the Company's intangible assets is excluded from these non-GAAP measures, management believes it is important for investors to understand that such intangible assets contribute to revenue generation. Amortization of intangible assets that relate to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangible assets have been fully amortized. Any future acquisitions may result in amortization of additional intangible assets. Base tax rate is defined as the effective tax rate excluding the impacts of foreign exchange gains (losses), non-operating benefits, net, amortization of intangibles as of the Separation from DowDuPont, and significant items (including goodwill impairment charges). The first half of 2019 is on a pro forma basis as discussed above in the paragraph 'Corteva Unaudited Pro Forma Financial Information'.

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Media Contact:

Gregg Schmidt
+1 302-485-3260

gregg.m.schmidt@corteva.com

Investor Contact:

Megan Britt
+1 302-485-3279

megan.britt@corteva.com

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Corteva, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| Net sales | \$ 5,191 | \$ 5,556 | \$ 9,147 | \$ 8,952 |
| Cost of goods sold | 2,829 | 3,047 | 5,098 | 5,258 |
| Research and development expense | 273 | 269 | 553 | 568 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 965 | 937 | 1,722 | 1,672 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 176 | 113 | 339 | 214 |
| Restructuring and asset related charges - net | 179 | 60 | 249 | 121 |
| Integration and separation costs | — | 330 | — | 542 |
| Other income — net | 89 | — | 90 | 31 |
| Loss on early extinguishment of debt | — | 13 | — | 13 |
| Interest expense | 14 | 34 | 24 | 93 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 844 | 753 | 1,252 | 502 |
| Provision for income taxes on continuing operations | 78 | 270 | 205 | 203 |
| Income from continuing operations after income taxes | 766 | 483 | 1,047 | 299 |
| (Loss) income from discontinued operations after income taxes | — | (1,077) | 1 | (717) |
| Net income (loss) | 766 | (594) | 1,048 | (418) |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 6 | 14 | 16 | 26 |
| Net income (loss) attributable to Corteva | \$ 760 | \$ (608) | \$ 1,032 | \$ (444) |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock: | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share of common stock from continuing operations | \$ 1.01 | \$ 0.63 | \$ 1.37 | \$ 0.37 |
| Basic loss per share of common stock from discontinued operations | — | (1.44) | — | (0.96) |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share of common stock | \$ 1.01 | \$ (0.81) | \$ 1.37 | \$ (0.59) |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock: | | | | |
| Diluted earnings per share of common stock from continuing operations | \$ 1.01 | \$ 0.63 | \$ 1.37 | \$ 0.37 |
| Diluted loss per share of common stock from discontinued operations | — | (1.44) | — | (0.96) |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share of common stock | \$ 1.01 | \$ (0.81) | \$ 1.37 | \$ (0.59) |
| Average number of shares outstanding used in earnings per share (EPS) calculation (in millions) | | | | |
| Basic | 749.2 | 749.4 | 749.6 | 749.4 |
| Diluted | 751.6 | 750.0 | 752.0 | 749.7 |

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Corteva, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | June 30, 2020 | Dec. 31, 2019 | June 30, 2019 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,809 | \$ 1,764 | \$ 2,077 |
| Marketable securities | 60 | 5 | 6 |
| Accounts and notes receivable, net | 6,772 | 5,528 | 7,434 |
| Inventories | 3,589 | 5,032 | 3,918 |
| Other current assets | 1,192 | 1,190 | 1,010 |
| Total current assets | 14,422 | 13,519 | 14,445 |
| Investment in nonconsolidated affiliates | 62 | 66 | 64 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation June 30, 2020 - \$3,565; December 31, 2019 - \$3,326 and June 30, 2019 - \$3,207 | 4,293 | 4,546 | 4,543 |
| Goodwill | 10,069 | 10,229 | 10,249 |
| Other intangible assets | 11,070 | 11,424 | 11,832 |
| Deferred income taxes | 290 | 287 | 325 |
| Other assets | 1,974 | 2,326 | 2,464 |
| Total Assets | \$ 42,180 | \$ 42,397 | \$ 43,922 |
| Liabilities and Equity | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Short-term borrowings and finance lease obligations | \$ 1,529 | \$ 7 | \$ 2,058 |
| Accounts payable | 2,891 | 3,702 | 3,139 |
| Income taxes payable | 369 | 95 | 282 |
| Accrued and other current liabilities | 2,740 | 4,434 | 3,135 |
| Total current liabilities | 7,529 | 8,238 | 8,614 |
| Long-Term Debt | 1,102 | 115 | 117 |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities | | | |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 752 | 920 | 1,430 |
| Pension and other post employment benefits - noncurrent | 6,039 | 6,377 | 5,538 |
| Other noncurrent obligations | 1,957 | 2,192 | 2,156 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 9,850 | 9,604 | 9,241 |
| Commitments and contingent liabilities | | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 1,666,667,000 shares authorized; issued at June 30, 2020 - 748,485,000, December 31, 2019 - 748,577,000, and June 30, 2019 - 748,815,000 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 27,891 | 27,997 | 28,081 |
| Retained earnings / (accumulated deficit) | 508 | (425) | 97 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (3,845) | (3,270) | (2,375) |
| Total Corteva stockholders' equity | 24,561 | 24,309 | 25,810 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 240 | 246 | 257 |
| Total equity | 24,801 | 24,555 | 26,067 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | \$ 42,180 | \$ 42,397 | \$ 43,922 |

A- 3
Corteva, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 ¹ |
| Operating activities | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 1,048 | \$ (418) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash used for operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 583 | 1,084 |
| Benefit from deferred income tax | (136) | (473) |
| Net periodic pension benefit | (202) | (146) |
| Pension contributions | (39) | (92) |
| Net loss (gain) on sales of property, businesses, consolidated companies, and investments | 30 | (67) |
| Restructuring and asset related charges - net | 249 | 238 |
| Amortization of inventory step-up | — | 257 |
| Goodwill impairment charge | — | 1,102 |
| Loss on early extinguishment of debt | — | 13 |
| Other net loss | 185 | 172 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities - net | (2,587) | (2,758) |
| Cash used for operating activities | (869) | (1,088) |
| Investing activities | | |
| Capital expenditures | (202) | (834) |
| Proceeds from sales of property, businesses, and consolidated companies - net of cash divested | 18 | 125 |
| Acquisitions of businesses - net of cash acquired | — | (9) |
| Proceeds from sales of ownership interests in nonconsolidated affiliates | — | 21 |
| Purchases of investments | (361) | (13) |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments | 298 | 37 |
| Other investing activities - net | (5) | (1) |
| Cash used for investing activities | (252) | (674) |
| Financing activities | | |
| Net change in borrowings (less than 90 days) | 966 | 173 |
| Proceeds from debt | 2,434 | 1,001 |
| Payments on debt | (879) | (6,803) |
| Repurchase of common stock | (50) | — |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 17 | 39 |
| Dividends paid to stockholders | (194) | — |
| Payments for acquisition of subsidiary's interest from the non-controlling | (60) | — |
| Distributions to DowDuPont | — | (317) |
| Cash transferred to DowDuPont at Internal Reorganizations | — | (2,053) |
| Contributions from Dow and DowDuPont | — | 7,396 |
| Debt extinguishment costs | — | (79) |
| Other financing activities | (20) | (42) |
| Cash provided by financing activities | 2,214 | (685) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | (95) | (64) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | 998 | (2,511) |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period | 2,173 | 5,024 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period | \$ 3,171 | \$ 2,513 |

1. The cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2019 includes cash flows of historical DuPont's ECP and Specialty Products Business.

A- 4
Corteva, Inc.
Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations¹
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 ² |
| Net sales | \$ 5,191 | \$ 5,556 | \$ 9,147 | \$ 8,952 |
| Cost of goods sold | 2,829 | 3,047 | 5,098 | 5,069 |
| Research and development expense | 273 | 269 | 553 | 568 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 965 | 937 | 1,722 | 1,675 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 176 | 113 | 339 | 214 |
| Restructuring and asset related charges - net | 179 | 60 | 249 | 121 |
| Integration and separation costs | — | 330 | — | 430 |
| Other income — net | 89 | — | 90 | 31 |
| Loss on early extinguishment of debt | — | 13 | — | 13 |
| Interest expense | 14 | 34 | 24 | 48 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 844 | 753 | 1,252 | 845 |
| Provision for income taxes on continuing operations | 78 | 270 | 205 | 250 |
| Income from continuing operations after income taxes | 766 | 483 | 1,047 | 595 |
| Net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests | 6 | 13 | 16 | 21 |
| Net income from continuing operations attributable to Corteva | \$ 760 | \$ 470 | \$ 1,031 | \$ 574 |
| Basic earnings per share of common stock from continuing operations | \$ 1.01 | \$ 0.63 | \$ 1.37 | \$ 0.77 |
| Diluted earnings per share of common stock from continuing operations | \$ 1.01 | \$ 0.63 | \$ 1.37 | \$ 0.77 |
| Average number of shares outstanding used in earnings per share (EPS) calculation (in millions) | | | | |
| Basic | 749.2 | 749.4 | 749.6 | 749.4 |
| Diluted | 751.6 | 750.0 | 752.0 | 749.7 |

1. See Article 11 Pro Forma Combined Statement of Operations on page A-15.
2. Period is presented on a Pro Forma Basis, prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X.

A- 5
Corteva, Inc.
Consolidated Segment Information
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| SEGMENT NET SALES - SEED | | | | |
| Corn | \$ 2,057 | \$ 2,309 | \$ 3,921 | \$ 3,777 |
| Soybean | 1,085 | 998 | 1,266 | 1,129 |
| Other oilseeds | 219 | 200 | 467 | 425 |
| Other | 177 | 192 | 339 | 335 |
| Seed | \$ 3,538 | \$ 3,699 | \$ 5,993 | \$ 5,666 |
| | | | | |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
| | 2020 | 2019 ¹ | 2020 | 2019 ¹ |
| SEGMENT NET SALES - CROP PROTECTION | | | | |
| Herbicides | \$ 909 | \$ 1,003 | \$ 1,732 | \$ 1,764 |
| Insecticides | 445 | 452 | 823 | 828 |
| Fungicides | 224 | 302 | 453 | 522 |
| Other | 75 | 100 | 146 | 172 |
| Crop Protection | \$ 1,653 | \$ 1,857 | \$ 3,154 | \$ 3,286 |
| | | | | |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| GEOGRAPHIC NET SALES - SEED | | | | |
| North America ² | \$ 2,903 | \$ 3,099 | \$ 4,193 | \$ 4,012 |
| EMEA ³ | 264 | 274 | 1,145 | 1,078 |
| Latin America | 206 | 187 | 422 | 365 |
| Asia Pacific | 165 | 139 | 233 | 211 |
| Rest of World ⁴ | 635 | 600 | 1,800 | 1,654 |
| Net Sales | \$ 3,538 | \$ 3,699 | \$ 5,993 | \$ 5,666 |
| | | | | |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| GEOGRAPHIC NET SALES - CROP PROTECTION | | | | |
| North America ² | \$ 663 | \$ 686 | \$ 1,138 | \$ 1,165 |
| EMEA ³ | 379 | 393 | 965 | 953 |
| Latin America | 309 | 466 | 527 | 653 |
| Asia Pacific | 302 | 312 | 524 | 515 |
| Rest of World ⁴ | 990 | 1,171 | 2,016 | 2,121 |
| Net Sales | \$ 1,653 | \$ 1,857 | \$ 3,154 | \$ 3,286 |

1. Prior periods have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

2. Reflects U.S. & Canada

3. Reflects Europe, Middle East, and Africa

4. Reflects EMEA, Latin America, and Asia Pacific

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| <u>OPERATING EBITDA</u> | | | | |
| Seed | \$ 956 | \$ 1,036 | \$ 1,537 | \$ 1,361 |
| Crop Protection | 309 | 450 | 547 | 670 |
| Corporate Expenses | (29) | (34) | (54) | (61) |
| Operating EBITDA (Non-GAAP) | \$ 1,236 | \$ 1,452 | \$ 2,030 | \$ 1,970 |
| | | | | |
| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| <u>RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS AFTER INCOME TAXES TO OPERATING EBITDA</u> | | | | |
| Income from continuing operations after income taxes (GAAP) | \$ 766 | \$ 483 | \$ 1,047 | \$ 595 |
| Provision for income taxes on continuing operations | 78 | 270 | 205 | 250 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes (GAAP) | 844 | 753 | 1,252 | 845 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 300 | 227 | 583 | 485 |
| Interest income | (9) | (17) | (27) | (33) |
| Interest expense | 14 | 34 | 24 | 48 |
| Exchange (gains) losses - net ¹ | (1) | 32 | 60 | 59 |
| Non-operating benefits - net ² | (91) | (32) | (164) | (74) |
| Significant items charge ³ | 179 | 455 | 302 | 640 |
| Operating EBITDA (Non-GAAP) | 1,236 | 1,452 | 2,030 | 1,970 |

1. Refer to page A-14 for pre-tax and after tax impacts of exchange losses - net.
2. Non-operating benefits—net consists of non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) (benefits) costs, tax indemnification adjustments, environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy EID businesses and sites. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the company as pre-tax income or expense.
3. Refer to page A-9 for pre-tax and after tax impacts of significant items.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

PRICE - VOLUME - CURRENCY ANALYSIS**REGION**

| | Q2 2020 vs. Q2 2019 | | | | Percent Change Due To: | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|-------------|---|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Net Sales Change (GAAP) | | Organic Change ¹ (Non-GAAP) | | Local Price & Product Mix | Volume | Currency | Portfolio / Other |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | | | | |
| North America | \$ (219) | (6)% | \$ (201) | (5)% | — % | (5)% | (1)% | — % |
| EMEA | (24) | (4)% | 19 | 3 % | 3 % | — % | (7)% | — % |
| Latin America | (138) | (21)% | (44) | (7)% | 4 % | (11)% | (14)% | — % |
| Asia Pacific | 16 | 4 % | 46 | 10 % | 2 % | 8 % | (5)% | (1)% |
| Rest of World | (146) | (8)% | 21 | 1 % | 3 % | (2)% | (9)% | — % |
| Total | \$ (365) | (7)% | \$ (180) | (3)% | 1 % | (4)% | (3)% | (1)% |

SEED

| | Q2 2020 vs. Q2 2019 | | | | Percent Change Due To: | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|-------------|---|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Net Sales Change (GAAP) | | Organic Change ¹ (Non-GAAP) | | Local Price & Product Mix | Volume | Currency | Portfolio / Other |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | | | | |
| North America | \$ (196) | (6)% | \$ (185) | (6)% | — % | (6)% | — % | — % |
| EMEA | (10) | (4)% | 14 | 5 % | 5 % | — % | (9)% | — % |
| Latin America | 19 | 10 % | 51 | 27 % | 2 % | 25 % | (17)% | — % |
| Asia Pacific | 26 | 19 % | 37 | 27 % | 9 % | 18 % | (8)% | — % |
| Rest of World | 35 | 6 % | 102 | 17 % | 5 % | 12 % | (11)% | — % |
| Total | \$ (161) | (4)% | \$ (83) | (2)% | 1 % | (3)% | (2)% | — % |

CROP PROTECTION

| | Q2 2020 vs. Q2 2019 | | | | Percent Change Due To: | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|---|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Net Sales Change (GAAP) | | Organic Change ¹ (Non-GAAP) | | Local Price & Product Mix | Volume | Currency | Portfolio / Other |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | | | | |
| North America | \$ (23) | (3)% | \$ (16) | (2)% | 1 % | (3)% | — % | (1)% |
| EMEA | (14) | (4)% | 5 | 1 % | 1 % | — % | (4)% | (1)% |
| Latin America | (157) | (34)% | (95) | (20)% | 5 % | (25)% | (14)% | — % |
| Asia Pacific | (10) | (3)% | 9 | 3 % | (1)% | 4 % | (5)% | (1)% |
| Rest of World | (181) | (16)% | (81) | (7)% | 2 % | (9)% | (8)% | (1)% |
| Total | \$ (204) | (11)% | \$ (97) | (5)% | 2 % | (7)% | (5)% | (1)% |

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

PRICE - VOLUME - CURRENCY ANALYSIS**REGION**

| | First Half 2020 vs. First Half 2019 | | | | Percent Change Due To: | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------|---|------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Net Sales Change (GAAP) | | Organic Change ¹ (Non-GAAP) | | Local Price & Product Mix | Volume | Currency | Portfolio / Other |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | | | | |
| North America | \$ 154 | 3 % | \$ 179 | 3 % | — % | 3 % | — % | — % |
| EMEA | 79 | 4 % | 173 | 8 % | 2 % | 6 % | (4)% | — % |
| Latin America | (69) | (7)% | 66 | 7 % | 7 % | — % | (14)% | — % |
| Asia Pacific | 31 | 4 % | 75 | 10 % | 2 % | 8 % | (5)% | (1)% |
| Rest of World | 41 | 1 % | 314 | 8 % | 3 % | 5 % | (7)% | — % |
| Total | \$ 195 | 2 % | \$ 493 | 5 % | 1 % | 4 % | (3)% | — % |

SEED

| | First Half 2020 vs. First Half 2019 | | | | Percent Change Due To: | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------|---|------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Net Sales Change (GAAP) | | Organic Change ¹ (Non-GAAP) | | Local Price & Product Mix | Volume | Currency | Portfolio / Other |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | | | | |
| North America | \$ 181 | 5 % | \$ 190 | 5 % | 1 % | 4 % | — % | — % |
| EMEA | 67 | 6 % | 119 | 11 % | 4 % | 7 % | (5)% | — % |
| Latin America | 57 | 16 % | 105 | 29 % | 9 % | 20 % | (13)% | — % |
| Asia Pacific | 22 | 10 % | 36 | 17 % | 8 % | 9 % | (7)% | — % |
| Rest of World | 146 | 9 % | 260 | 16 % | 6 % | 10 % | (7)% | — % |
| Total | \$ 327 | 6 % | \$ 450 | 8 % | 2 % | 6 % | (2)% | — % |

CROP PROTECTION

| | First Half 2020 vs. First Half 2019 | | | | Percent Change Due To: | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | Net Sales Change (GAAP) | | Organic Change ¹ (Non-GAAP) | | Local Price & Product Mix | Volume | Currency | Portfolio / Other |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | | | | |
| North America | \$ (27) | (2)% | \$ (11) | (1)% | (1)% | — % | — % | (1)% |
| EMEA | 12 | 1 % | 54 | 6 % | 1 % | 5 % | (4)% | (1)% |
| Latin America | (126) | (19)% | (39) | (6)% | 5 % | (11)% | (13)% | — % |
| Asia Pacific | 9 | 2 % | 39 | 8 % | — % | 8 % | (4)% | (2)% |
| Rest of World | (105) | (5)% | 54 | 3 % | 2 % | 1 % | (7)% | (1)% |
| Total | \$ (132) | (4)% | \$ 43 | 1 % | 1 % | — % | (4)% | (1)% |

1. Organic sales is defined as price and volume and excludes currency and portfolio impacts.

A- 9
Corteva, Inc.
Significant Items

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

SIGNIFICANT ITEMS BY SEGMENT (PRE-TAX)

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| Seed | \$ (135) | \$ (101) | \$ (145) | \$ (152) |
| Crop Protection | (40) | (2) | (111) | (25) |
| Corporate | (4) | (352) | (46) | (463) |
| Total significant items before income taxes | \$ (179) | \$ (455) | \$ (302) | \$ (640) |

SIGNIFICANT ITEMS - PRE-TAX, AFTER TAX, AND EPS IMPACTS

| | Pre-tax | | After tax ⁸ | | (\$ Per Share) | |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| <u>1st Quarter</u> | <i>As</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> | <i>As</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> | <i>As</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| Integration costs ¹ | \$ — | \$ (100) | \$ — | \$ (16) | \$ — | \$ (0.02) |
| Restructuring and asset related charges, net ² | (70) | (61) | (57) | (53) | (0.08) | (0.07) |
| Loss on divestiture ³ | (53) | (24) | (43) | (24) | (0.06) | (0.03) |
| Income tax items ⁴ | — | — | (19) | — | (0.02) | — |
| 1st Quarter — Total | \$ (123) | \$ (185) | \$ (119) | \$ (93) | \$ (0.16) | \$ (0.12) |
| <u>2nd Quarter</u> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> |
| Integration and separation costs ¹ | \$ — | \$ (330) | \$ — | \$ (436) | \$ — | \$ (0.58) |
| Restructuring and asset related charges, net ² | (179) | (60) | (143) | (48) | (0.19) | (0.06) |
| Amortization of inventory step up ⁵ | — | (52) | — | (41) | — | (0.06) |
| Loss on early extinguishment of debt ⁶ | — | (13) | — | (10) | — | (0.01) |
| Income tax items ⁴ | — | — | 29 | — | 0.04 | — |
| 2nd Quarter — Total | \$ (179) | \$ (455) | \$ (114) | \$ (535) | \$ (0.15) | \$ (0.71) |
| Year-to-date Total ⁷ | \$ (302) | \$ (640) | \$ (233) | \$ (628) | \$ (0.31) | \$ (0.84) |

1. Integration and separation costs includes costs incurred to prepare for and close the Merger, post-Merger integration expenses, and costs incurred to prepare for the Business Separations. These costs primarily consist of financial advisory, information technology, legal, accounting, consulting and other professional advisory fees associated with the preparation and execution of these activities. For periods prior to Q2 2019, this includes only integration costs.

The after tax charge for the second quarter of 2019 includes a net tax charge of \$(114) related to U.S. state blended tax rate changes associated with the Business Separations and a net tax charge of \$(96) related to application of the U.S. Tax Reform's foreign tax provisions.

The after tax charge for the first quarter of 2019 includes a net tax charge of \$(32) related to U.S. state blended tax rate changes associated with the Internal Reorganizations and a tax benefit of \$102 related to an internal legal entity restructuring associated with the Internal Reorganizations.

A- 10
Corteva, Inc.
Significant Items

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

2. First quarter and second quarter 2020 included restructuring and asset related charges of \$(70) and \$(179), respectively. The charge for the second quarter included a \$(41) charge related to the Execute to Win Productivity Program, a \$(138) charge related to non-cash accelerated prepaid royalty amortization expense related to Roundup Ready 2 Yield® and Roundup Ready 2 Xtend® herbicide tolerance traits. The charge for the first quarter included a \$(63) charge related to the Execute to Win Productivity Program, a \$(10) charge related to non-cash accelerated prepaid royalty amortization expense related to Roundup Ready 2 Yield® and Roundup Ready 2 Xtend® herbicide tolerance traits, and a \$3 asset related benefit associated with the DowDuPont Synergy Program.

First quarter and second quarter 2019 included restructuring and asset related charges of \$(61) and \$(60), respectively, primarily related to the DowDuPont Cost Synergy Program.

3. First quarter 2020 included a loss of \$(53) included in other income - net related to the expected sale of the La Porte site, for which the company signed an agreement during the first quarter 2020.

First quarter 2019 included a loss of \$(24) included in other income - net related to DAS's sale of a joint venture related to synergy actions.

4. Second quarter 2020 reflects a benefit of \$29 due to an elective change in accounting method that alters the 2019 impact of the business separation on the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act's foreign tax provisions. First quarter 2020 included an after tax charge related to the impact of a state tax valuation allowance in the U.S. based on a change in judgment about the realizability of a deferred tax asset.
5. Second quarter 2019 includes amortization of inventory step up of \$(52) included in cost of goods sold related to the amortization of the inventory step-up in connection with the Merger.
6. Second quarter 2019 includes a loss on the early extinguishment of debt of \$(13) related to the difference between the redemption price and the par value of the Make Whole Notes and Term Loan Facility, partially offset by the write-off unamortized step-up related to the fair value step-up of EID's debt.
7. Earnings per share for the year may not equal the sum of quarterly earnings per share due to the changes in average share calculations.
8. Unless specifically addressed in notes above, the income tax effect on significant items was calculated based upon the enacted tax laws and statutory income tax rates applicable in the tax jurisdiction(s) of the underlying non-GAAP adjustment.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Operating Earnings Per Share (Non-GAAP)

Operating earnings (loss) per share is defined as earnings per share from continuing operations – diluted, excluding non-operating benefits - net, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), and significant items.

| | Three Months Ended | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | June 30, | | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>EPS (diluted)</u> | <u>EPS (diluted)</u> |
| Net income from continuing operations attributable to Corteva (GAAP) | \$ 760 | \$ 470 | \$ 1.01 | \$ 0.63 |
| Less: Non-operating benefits - net, after tax ¹ | 67 | 30 | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| Less: Amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), after tax | (137) | (89) | (0.19) | (0.12) |
| Less: Significant items charge, after tax | (114) | (535) | (0.15) | (0.71) |
| Operating Earnings (Non-GAAP) | <u>\$ 944</u> | <u>\$ 1,064</u> | <u>\$ 1.26</u> | <u>\$ 1.42</u> |

| | Six Months Ended | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| | June 30, | | | |
| | 2020 | 2019² | 2020 | 2019² |
| | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>EPS (diluted)</u> | <u>EPS (diluted)</u> |
| Net income from continuing operations attributable to Corteva (GAAP) | \$ 1,031 | \$ 574 | \$ 1.37 | \$ 0.77 |
| Less: Non-operating benefits - net, after tax ¹ | 124 | 61 | 0.16 | 0.08 |
| Less: Amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), after tax | (251) | (170) | (0.33) | (0.22) |
| Less: Significant items charge, after tax | (233) | (628) | (0.31) | (0.84) |
| Operating Earnings (Non-GAAP) | <u>\$ 1,391</u> | <u>\$ 1,311</u> | <u>\$ 1.85</u> | <u>\$ 1.75</u> |

1. Non-operating benefits—net consists of non-operating pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) benefits (costs), tax indemnification adjustments, and environmental remediation and legal costs associated with legacy EID businesses and sites. Tax indemnification adjustments relate to changes in indemnification balances, as a result of the application of the terms of the Tax Matters Agreement, between Corteva and Dow and/or DuPont that are recorded by the company as pre-tax income or expense.
2. Period is presented on a Pro Forma Basis, prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X.

A- 12
Corteva, Inc.
Operating EBITDA to Operating Earnings Per Share
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Operating EBITDA to Operating Earnings Per Share

| | Three Months Ended June 30. | | Six Months Ended June 30. | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| Operating EBITDA (Non-GAAP)¹ | \$ 1,236 | \$ 1,452 | 2,030 | 1,970 |
| Depreciation | (124) | (114) | (244) | (271) |
| Interest Income | 9 | 17 | 27 | 33 |
| Interest Expense | (14) | (34) | (24) | (48) |
| Provision for income taxes on continuing operations before significant items, non-operating benefits - net, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), and exchange gains/(losses), net (Non-GAAP)¹ | (160) | (230) | (307) | (305) |
| Base income tax rate from continuing operations (Non-GAAP)¹ | 14.5% | 17.4% | 17.2% | 18.1% |
| Exchange gains (losses) - net, after tax ² | 3 | (14) | (75) | (47) |
| Net income attributable to non-controlling interests | (6) | (13) | (16) | (21) |
| Operating Earnings (Non-GAAP)¹ | \$ 944 | \$ 1,064 | \$ 1,391 | \$ 1,311 |
| Diluted Shares (in millions) | 751.6 | 750.0 | 752.0 | 749.7 |
| Operating Earnings Per Share (Non-GAAP)¹ | \$ 1.26 | \$ 1.42 | \$ 1.85 | \$ 1.75 |

1. Refer to pages A-6, A-7, and A-8 for Non-GAAP reconciliations.
2. Refer to page A-14 for pre-tax and after tax impacts of exchange gains (losses) - net.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Reconciliation of Base Income Tax Rate to Effective Income Tax Rate

Base income tax rate is defined as the effective income tax rate less the effect of exchange gains (losses), significant items, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), and non-operating benefits - net.

| | Three Months Ended | | Six Months Ended | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | June 30, | | June 30, | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>As Reported</i> | <i>Pro Forma</i> |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes (GAAP) | \$ 844 | \$ 753 | \$ 1,252 | \$ 845 |
| Add: Significant items - charge ¹ | 179 | 455 | 302 | 640 |
| Non-operating benefits - net | (91) | (32) | (164) | (74) |
| Amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation) | 176 | 113 | 339 | 214 |
| Less: Exchange gains (losses), net ² | 1 | (32) | (60) | (59) |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes, significant items, non-operating benefits - net, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), and exchange gains (losses), net (Non-GAAP) | <u>\$ 1,107</u> | <u>\$ 1,321</u> | <u>\$ 1,789</u> | <u>\$ 1,684</u> |
| Provision for income taxes on continuing operations (GAAP) | \$ 78 | \$ 270 | 205 | \$ 250 |
| Add: Tax benefits (expenses) on significant items charge ¹ | 65 | (80) | 69 | 12 |
| Tax expenses on non-operating benefits - net | (24) | (2) | (40) | (13) |
| Tax benefits on amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation) | 39 | 24 | 88 | 44 |
| Tax benefits (expenses) on exchange gains (losses), net ² | 2 | 18 | (15) | 12 |
| Provision for income taxes on continuing operations before significant items, non-operating benefits - net, amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation), and exchange gains (losses), net (Non-GAAP) | <u>\$ 160</u> | <u>\$ 230</u> | <u>\$ 307</u> | <u>\$ 305</u> |
| Effective income tax rate (GAAP) | 9.2% | 35.9 % | 16.4 % | 29.6 % |
| Significant items, non-operating benefits, and amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation) effect | 5.1% | (19.4)% | 2.2 % | (11.6)% |
| Tax rate from continuing operations before significant items, non-operating benefits - net, and amortization of intangibles (existing as of Separation) | 14.3% | 16.5 % | 18.6 % | 18.0 % |
| Exchange gains (losses), net effect ² | 0.2% | 0.9 % | (1.4)% | 0.1 % |
| Base income tax rate from continuing operations (Non-GAAP) | <u>14.5%</u> | <u>17.4 %</u> | <u>17.2 %</u> | <u>18.1 %</u> |

1. See Significant Items table for further detail.
2. See page A-14 for further details of exchange gains (losses).

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Exchange Gains/Losses

The company routinely uses foreign currency exchange contracts to offset its net exposures, by currency, related to the foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities. The objective of this program is to maintain an approximately balanced position in foreign currencies in order to minimize, on an after-tax basis, the effects of exchange rate changes on net monetary asset positions. The hedging program gains (losses) are largely taxable (tax deductible) in the United States (U.S.), whereas the offsetting exchange gains (losses) on the remeasurement of the net monetary asset positions are often not taxable (tax deductible) in their local jurisdictions. The net pre-tax exchange gains (losses) are recorded in other income (expense) - net and the related tax impact is recorded in provision for (benefit from) income taxes on continuing operations in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | Six Months Ended June 30, | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| <u>Subsidiary Monetary Position (Loss) Gain</u> | | | | |
| Pre-tax exchange (losses) gains | \$ (13) | \$ 17 | \$ (239) | \$ 7 |
| Local tax benefits (expenses) | 5 | 7 | 28 | (3) |
| Net after tax impact from subsidiary exchange (losses) gains | <u>\$ (8)</u> | <u>\$ 24</u> | <u>\$ (211)</u> | <u>\$ 4</u> |
| <u>Hedging Program Gain (Loss)</u> | | | | |
| Pre-tax exchange gains (losses) | \$ 14 | \$ (49) | \$ 179 | \$ (66) |
| Tax (expenses) benefits | (3) | 11 | (43) | 15 |
| Net after tax impact from hedging program exchange gains (losses) | <u>\$ 11</u> | <u>\$ (38)</u> | <u>\$ 136</u> | <u>\$ (51)</u> |
| <u>Total Exchange Gain (Loss)</u> | | | | |
| Pre-tax exchange gains (losses) | \$ 1 | \$ (32) | \$ (60) | \$ (59) |
| Tax benefits (expenses) | 2 | 18 | (15) | 12 |
| Net after tax exchange gains (losses) | <u>\$ 3</u> | <u>\$ (14)</u> | <u>\$ (75)</u> | <u>\$ (47)</u> |

As shown above, the "Total Exchange Loss" is the sum of the "Subsidiary Monetary Position Loss" and the "Hedging Program Gain (Loss)."

Article 11 Pro Forma Combined Statement of Operations
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | As Reported Corteva | Adjustments | | | Pro Forma Corteva |
| | | Merger ¹ | Debt Retirement ² | Separation s Related ³ | |
| Net sales | \$ 8,952 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 8,952 |
| Cost of goods sold | 5,258 | (205) | — | 16 | 5,069 |
| Research and development expense | 568 | — | — | — | 568 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 1,672 | — | — | 3 | 1,675 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 214 | — | — | — | 214 |
| Restructuring and asset related charges - net | 121 | — | — | — | 121 |
| Integration and separation costs | 542 | — | — | (112) | 430 |
| Other income - net | 31 | — | — | — | 31 |
| Loss on early extinguishment of debt | 13 | — | — | — | 13 |
| Interest expense | 93 | — | (45) | — | 48 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 502 | 205 | 45 | 93 | 845 |
| Benefit from income taxes on continuing | 203 | 36 | 10 | 1 | 250 |
| Income from continuing operations after income taxes | 299 | 169 | 35 | 92 | 595 |
| Net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests | 21 | — | — | — | 21 |
| Net income from continuing operations attributable to Corteva | \$ 278 | \$ 169 | \$ 35 | \$ 92 | \$ 574 |
| Basic earnings per share of common stock from continuing operations | \$ 0.37 | | | | \$ 0.77 |
| Diluted earnings per share of common stock from continuing operations | \$ 0.37 | | | | \$ 0.77 |
| Average number of shares outstanding used in earnings per share (EPS) calculation (in | | | | | |
| Basic | 749.4 | | | | 749.4 |
| Diluted | 749.7 | | | | 749.7 |

1. Related to the amortization of EID's agriculture business' inventory step-up recognized in connection with the Merger, as the incremental amortization is directly attributable to the Merger and will not have a continuing impact.
2. Represents removal of interest expense related to the debt redemptions/repayments.
3. Adjustments directly attributable to the separations and distributions of Corteva, Inc. include the following: removal of Telone[®] Soil Fumigant business ("Telone[®]") results (as Telone[®] did not transfer to Corteva as part of the common control combination of DAS); impact from the distribution agreement entered into between Corteva and Dow that allows for Corteva to become the exclusive distributor of Telone[®] products for Dow; elimination of one-time transaction costs directly attributable to the Corteva Distribution; the impact of certain manufacturing, leasing and supply agreements entered into in connection with the Corteva Distribution; and the related tax impacts of these items.